

FOCUSED ON PRODUCTIVITY, QUALITY AND COST-EFFICIENCY

Meeting the challenge of compressed air contamination.



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.



FOCUSED ON COMPRESSED AIR CONTAMINATION

Compressed air is often a vital element in modern production processes. Irrespective of whether it comes into direct contact with the product or is used to automate a process, provide motive power, packaging, or even to generate other gases on-site, a clean, dry, reliable compressed air supply is essential.

In order to achieve a safe and efficient system, it is important to understand the sources of compressed air contamination and the types of contaminants which must be reduced or eliminated. Once these issues have been identified, we can implement measures to protect the consumer and ensure a smooth-running and cost-effective production facility.

"A clean and reliable compressed air supply is a crucial part of the production process"

Operations Manager, Pharmaceutical Company

With up to 100 million micro-organisms in every cubic metre of ambient air, just a few of these entering a clean environment can have a costly impact

FOCUSED ON IDENTIFYING THE RISKS

In a typical compressed air system, there are ten major contaminants:

Water Vapour, Water Aerosols and Condensed Water

Oil is often perceived to be the cause of liquid contamination, but in the majority of instances, it is actually oily condensate that is being observed. In fact, in a typical compressed air system, up to 99.9% of the total liquid contamination is water.

The ability of air to hold water vapour is dependent upon its pressure and temperature. The higher the temperature, the more water vapour that can be held by the air. The higher the pressure, a greater amount of water vapour is squeezed out. As large volumes of air are drawn into the compressor and compressed, the temperature of the air increases significantly. This allows the heated air



to easily retain the water vapour in the atmospheric air. Prior to exiting the compressor, compressed air is normally cooled to a usable temperature. This reduces the air's ability to retain water vapour, resulting in a proportion of the water vapour condensing into liquid water.

This condensed water, together with water aerosols, leads to corrosion in the storage and distribution system, damage to production equipment, and can also spoil the end product.

Oil Vapour

Atmospheric air also contains oil in the form of unburned hydrocarbons which are drawn into the compressor intake. Typical concentrations can vary between 0.05 and 0.5mg per cubic metre of ambient air. Once inside the compressed air system, oil vapour will cool and condense, causing the same contamination issues as liquid oil. Vaporised oil from the compression stage of a lubricated compressor will also condense within the system and add to the overall level of oil contamination.

Liquid Oil and Oil Aerosols

Most air compressors use oil in the compression stage for sealing, lubrication and cooling. During operation, lubricating oil is carried over into the compressed air system as liquid oil and aerosols.

This oil mixes with water in the air and is often very acidic, causing damage to the compressed air storage and distribution system, production equipment and final product.

Atmospheric Dirt

In an industrial environment, every cubic metre of atmospheric air typically contains 140 million dirt particles. 80% of these particles are less than 2 microns in size and are too small to be captured by an intake filter, and therefore they pass directly into the compressor itself.

Micro-organisms

Bacteria and viruses will also be drawn into the compressed air system through the compressor intake and warm, moist air provides an ideal environment for the growth of micro-organisms. Every cubic metre of ambient air can contain up to 100 million micro-organisms. And even if only a few of these enter a clean, sterile environment or production process, it can have a costly impact on product quality, and may even render a product entirely unfit for use and subject to recall.

Rust and Pipescale

Rust and pipescale can be found in air receivers and the piping of "wet systems" (systems without adequate purification equipment) or systems which were operated "wet" prior to purification equipment being installed. Over time, this contamination breaks away to cause damage or blockage in production equipment, which in turn can lead to problems in the final product and processes.





FOCUSED ON CONTAMINATION: THE RISK POINTS IN THE SYSTEM

The ten main contaminants in a compressed air system come from four main sources:

Source 1 – Ambient Air Source 2 – The Air Compressor Source 3 – The Air Receiver Source 4 – The Distribution Piping













FOCUSED ON PREVENTION AND REDUCTION

Failure to prevent or reduce contamination can cause numerous problems in the compressed air system, such as:

- Microbiological contamination
- Corrosion within storage vessels and the distribution system
- Damaged production equipment
- Blocked or frozen valves, cylinders, air motors and tools
- Premature unplanned desiccant changes for adsorption dryers

In addition to problems associated with the compressed air system itself, allowing contamination such as water, solid particulate, oil and micro-organisms to exhaust from valves, cylinders, air motors and tools, can lead to an unhealthy working environment. This will increase the potential for personal injury, staff absences and financial compensation claims.

Compressed air contamination will ultimately lead to:

- Inefficient production processes
- Spoiled, damaged or reworked products
- Reduced production efficiency
- Increased manufacturing costs



"Parker's knowledge and technical expertise is incomparable"

Operations Director, UK

FOCUSED ON COMPLYING WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

ISO8573-1 lists the main contaminants as solid particulate, water and oil. The purity levels for each contaminant are shown separately in tabular form, however for ease of use, this document combines all three contaminants into one easy to use table.

IS08573-1:2010	Solid Particulate				Water Oil		
CLASS	Maximum number of particulates per m ³			Mass Concentration mg/m³	Vapour Pressure Dewpoint	Liquid g/m³	Total Oil (aerosol liquid and vapour)
	0.1 - 0.5 micron	0.5 - 1 micron	1 - 5 micron				mg/m³
0	As specified by the equipment user or supplier and more stringent than Class 1						
1	≤ 20,000	≤ 400	≤ 1 0		≤ - 70°C		0.01
2	≤ 400,000	≤ 6,000	≤ 100		≤ -40°C		0.1
3		≤ 90,000	≤ 1,000		≤ -20°C		1
4			≤ 10,000		\leq +3°C		5
5			≤ 100,000		≤ +7°C		
6				≤ 5	≤ +10°C		
7				5 - 10		≤ 0.5	
8						0.5 - 5	
9						5 - 10	
x				> 10		> 10	> 10

FOCUSED ON WORKING TOGETHER

At Parker, we have a complete range of products that can protect your compressed air system at every dewpoint, every flow and every pressure, across every industry. And because all of our solutions are part of the Parker family, everything is designed to integrate perfectly, and work smoothly and efficiently for you.

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- World leaders in compressed air and gas treatment
- Three specialist brands, concentrated on technological expertise and innovation
- Focused on meeting customer needs energy efficient, lowest cost of ownership, productivity and profitability, service and support



Hyperchill^{plus}



FOCUSED ON FILTRATION AND SEPARATION



FOCUSED ON REFRIGERATION AND COOLING



FOCUSED ON ADSORPTION

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